

网络中文课程 *Chinese On-line Course Series* Level one

# 用汉语学汉语

## Learning In Chinese

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教材样本

Text Book Sample

## 教程说明 About The Course

本教程为独具创意的一套完整中国语文网上课程。依据作者多年研究，根据科学的分段，分步学习中文和普通话。共分成五级：

Based on my researches on Chinese language teaching and learning, this course covers 5 different levels of Chinese Language Learning.

第一级：用汉语学汉语	Level 1: Learning in Chinese
第二级：用汉语聊天	Level 2: Talking in Chinese
第三级：生活中的汉语	Level 3: Everyday Living Chinese
第四级：工作中的中文	Level 4: Working in Chinese
第五级：精通中国语文	Level 5: Fluency in Chinese

关于分步学习汉语的简单介绍，请查阅作者的相关文章。网址是：  
<http://hanyu.pbwiki.com> 或：<http://blog.hexun.com/emptist>

You may find my article on this topic by visiting this site:  
<http://hanyu.pbwiki.com> or: <http://blog.hexun.com/emptist>

本书属于第一级。供初学者使用。

This book is for level 1, that is, for beginners.

第一级的教学目标是，学会全部拼音，能够听懂拼音和声调，并正确的发音，能认识拼音，同时，掌握 300 个最活跃的汉字的读音，浏览近 2000 个词语，通过口语训练，了解汉语的句子结构特点，能够使用课堂上和学习中需要的汉语，为进入第二阶段学习，构筑好基础。

The target of this level is to teach you sounds in Chinese. You'll learn how to use Chinese pinyin. On becoming skillful with all Chinese pinyin roots, you also will get familiar with 300 Chinese words, that is, Characters, of which 2000 phrases can be consisted and you will see how this is done. By listening to and practicing in Chinese you get a basic understand of Chinese language structure and get to know how to use some Chinese expressions in class room, i.e. , learning

## Chinese in Chinese.

第一级课程的重点，在于掌握汉语的声音，和课堂用语。300个汉字和2000个词语并不要求在第一级学习中完全掌握。这样教学系统，为那些学完第一级课程后，没有继续学习后面课程的人，创造了继续自学的良好条件，可以反复学习加深对本书中词语的理解，利用学会的拼音，学会查阅字典，然后通过读说听写，自学提高汉语能力。当然，如果想要完整快速地学好普通话，我建议您至少学完前面两级的课程。

The key points at this stage are sounds, pinyin system and classroom Chinese. Though 300 words and 2000 phrases are exposed to learners they are not supposed to grasp those in level 1 learning. This builds the foundation of later levels and will be beneficial to those who would prefer just attending in this level 1 course and teaching themselves afterwards. With the help of dictionaries one can move on by using pinyin system and basic classroom Chinese sentences and a lot of previewed phrases to chat with Chinese friends of theirs or reading Chinese books or other materials. However I advice you to at least enter for the first two level of learning. If you're worrying about the price, well, for the first 20 students in year 2006 will only be charged at \$15.00/hour (20 hours for level 1 with small classes never more than 10 student at a time) and furthermore, you get 20% of the cost back when you successfully recommend this course to one new student. Think of it.

一个外国人，学习中文时会遇到很多困难。本教程的目标，除了通过网上课堂来进行实时教学和训练之外，还致力于建设一个中文学习者社区。这套教材充分考虑了社区学习的价值，并且将通过网络资源，建立一个学习中文网络基地。如果您打算报名参加本教程学习，或者在您学习中文过程中遇到任何问题，都与作者联络，电子邮件地址是：[jimg1968@yahoo.com.cn](mailto:jimg1968@yahoo.com.cn)。您也可以通过google的学中文小组

<http://groups.google.com/group/chineseonline>

或者雅虎的在线学中文小组

[http://groups.yahoo.com/group/Learn\\_Chinese\\_Online](http://groups.yahoo.com/group/Learn_Chinese_Online)

来提问。

I have heard of those difficulties a foreigner would likely to commit with when (s)he starting to learn Chinese. I am making my efforts to build a most efficient learning system as well as planning for a Chinese learners community on line. By paying for students who recommend our course to newer students, I'm encouraging the self-management and auto-growth of the community.

Please contact me at [jimg1968@yahoo.com.cn](mailto:jimg1968@yahoo.com.cn) if you want to take part in the course or when you have some trouble while learning Chinese. You may want to join Google group

<http://groups.google.com/group/chineseonline>

to ask questions and to contribute on <http://hanyu.pbwiki.com> .

谢谢您对本课程感兴趣。祝您学习愉快。

Thank you for your interests and wish you better learning experiences.

本书作者享有本书和所有的教学资料的版权，请勿贩卖和修改本书。需要使用本书者可与作者联系。

The book author holds all rights of the books and other learning materials, such as mp3 files, for using in this course. Please feel free to contact me if you want to make use of them.

I have used Cedict extensively in this book as providing English explains to Chinese words and phrases, please note that these parts have their own copyrights.

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## 第 1 课 Lesson 1

### 拼音 (Pinyin)

本课我们将学习这些拼音(In this lesson will learn the following pinyins):

无声调的拼音(Pinyin roots):

di    han   hao   hua   ke  
lai   men   ni   pu   shang  
tong wo   xi   xian   xue  
yi    yu    zai

声母(Chinese pinyin initial consonant):

d    h    k    l    m  
n    p    sh   t    w  
x    y    z

韵母(Chinese pinyin rhymes):

ai    an    ang   ao    e  
en    i    ian    o    ong  
u    ua    ue

### 课文 (Passage)

dìyī kè 第一课

Jim: Bill, nǐhǎo !

Jim: Bill, 你好!

Bill: Jim nǐhǎo !

Bill: Jim 你好!

Jim: hǎo ! wǒmen lái xuéxí hànyǔ pǔtōnghuà . xiànzài shàng dìyī kè !

Jim: 好! 我们来学习汉语普通话。现在上第一课!

### 本课字词 (Words and Phrases)

下面是本课出现的字词, 请注意他们的拼音(Please pay attention to pinyins of new words and phrases in this lesson).

- 学汉语第一阶段，主要学习汉语普通话中的声音以及汉语拼音，暂时不用掌握汉字。(At Level 1 we pay more attention to sounds in Chinese. We want to learn how to use pinyin which will be a great help in our later learning. You just need not to worry about the Chinese characters).
- 生字后面的数字是一个汉字组词能力的排序序号，序号越小排列越靠前，组词能力越强。(The number you find behind each word listed here is an indicator for its power of making phrases. The smaller the number the much frequent it shows up in phrases).

1. dì => 第(第)<No.291> => (prefix before a number, for ordering numbers, e.g. "first", "number two", etc)
2. dìyī => 第一(第一) => first; No. 1
3. hǎo => 好(好)<No.170> => good; well
4. hào => 好(好)<No.170> => be fond of
5. hàn => 汉(漢)<No.794> => Chinese; name of a dynasty
6. hànyǔ => 汉语(漢語) => Chinese language
7. huà => 话(話)<No.192> => dialect; language; spoken words; speech; talk; words; conversation; what someone said
8. kè => 课(課)<No.590> => subject; class; lesson
9. lái => 来(來)<No.82> => to come
10. men => 们(們)<No.1082> => (plural marker for pronouns and a few animate nouns)
11. nǐ => 你(你)<No.2177> => you
12. nǐhǎo => 你好(你好) => hello; how are you
13. pǔ => 普(普)<No.579> => general; popular; everywhere; universal
14. pǔtōnghuà => 普通话(普通話) => Mandarin (common language); Putonghua (common speech of the Chinese language)
15. shàng => 上(上)<No.52> => on; on top; upon; first (of two parts); previous or last (week, etc.); upper; higher; above; previous; to climb; to go into; above; to go up
16. tōng => 通(通)<No.93> => go through; know well; to connect; to communicate; open
17. wǒ => 我(我)<No.1531> => I; me; myself
18. wǒmen => 我们(我們) => we; us; ourselves
19. xí => 习(習)<No.878> => to practice; to study; habit
20. xiàn => 现(現)<No.356> => appear; present; now; existing; current
21. xiànzài => 现在(現在) => modern; current; present; at present; now; nowadays

- 22.xué => 学(學)<No.8> => learn; study; science; -ology  
 23.xuéxí => 学习(學習) => to learn; to study  
 24.yī => 一(一)<No.6> => one; single; a(n)  
 25.yù => 语(語)<No.20> => tell to  
 26.yǔ => 语(語)<No.20> => dialect; language; speech  
 27.zài => 在(在)<No.136> => (located) at; in; exist

## 练习和训练 (Exercises)

请朗读这些拼音，它们的声母和韵母都已经学过了(Pleaease read aloud the following Pinyin words):

āi   ái   ǎi    ài    ān   ǎn    àn    āng   áng   àng  
 āo   áo   ǎo    ào    dāi   dǎi   dài   dān   dǎn   dàn  
 dāng   dǎng   dàng   dāo   dǎo   dào   dé   de   dī   dí  
 dǐ   dì   diān   diǎn   diàn   dōng   dǒng   dòng   dū   dú  
 dǔ   dù   ē   é   ě   è   ēn   èn   hāi   hái  
 hǎi   hài   hān   hán   hǎn   hàn   hāng   háng   hāo   háo  
 hǎo   hào   hē   hé   hè   hén   hěn   hèn   hōng   hóng  
 hǒng   hòng   hū   hú   hǔ   hù   huā   huá   huà   kāi  
 kǎi   kài   kān   kǎn   kàn   kāng   káng   kàng   kāo   kǎo  
 kào   kē   ké   kě   kè   kěn   kèn   kōng   kǒng   kòng  
 kū   kǔ   kù   kuā   kuǎ   kuà   lái   lài   lán   lǎn  
 làn   láng   lǎng   làng   lāo   láo   lǎo   lào   lè   le  
 lī   lí   lǐ   lì   li   lián   liǎn   liàn   lo   lōng  
 lóng   lǒng   lòng   lū   lú   lǔ   lù   mái   mǎi   mài  
 mǎn   mán   mǎn   màn   máng   mǎng   māo   máo   mǎo   mào  
 me   mēn   mén   mèn   men   mī   mí   mǐ   mì   mián  
 miǎn   miàn   mō   mó   mǒ   mò   mǔ   mù   nǎi   nài  
 nán   nǎn   nàn   náng   nǎng   náo   nǎo   nào   nè   ne  
 nèn   nī   ní   nǐ   nì   niān   nián   niǎn   niàn   nóng  
 nòng   nú   nǚ   nù   ō   ó   ǒ   pāi   pái   pǎi  
 pài   pān   pán   pàn   pāng   páng   pǎng   pàng   pāo   páo  
 pǎo   pào   pēn   pén   pèn   pī   pí   pǐ   pì   piān  
 pián   piǎn   piàn   pō   pó   pǒ   pò   pū   pú   pǔ  
 pù   shāi   shǎi   shài   shān   shǎn   shàn   shāng   shǎng   shàng  
 shāo   sháo   shǎo   shào   shē   shé   shě   shè   shēn   shén  
 shěn   shèn   shī   shí   shǐ   shì   shū   shú   shǔ   shù  
 shuā   shuǎ   shuà   tāi   tái   tài   tān   tán   tǎn   tàn

tāng táng tǎng tàng tāo táo tǎoào té tè  
 tī tí tǐ tì tiān tián tiǎn tiàn tōng tóng  
 tǒng tòng tū tú tǔ tù wāi wài wān wán  
 wǎn wàn wāng wáng wǎng wàng wēn wén wěn wèn  
 wō wǒ wò wū wú wǔ wù xī xí xǐ  
 xì xiān xián xiǎn xiàn xū xú xǔ xù xuē  
 xué xuě xuè yái yān yán yǎn yàn yāng yáng  
 yǎng yàng yāo yáo yǎo yào yē yé yě yè  
 yī yí yǐ yì yō yo yōng yóng yǒng yòng  
 yū yú yǔ yù yuē yuè zāi zǎi zài zān  
 zán zǎn zàn zāng zǎng zàng zāo záo zǎo zào  
 zé zè zěn zèn zī zǐ zì zi zōng zǒng  
 zòng zū zú zǔ

请试试朗读这些词语，其中每个字都已经学过(Please try to read aloud the following phrases)

1. dìyī => 第一(第一) => first; No. 1
2. hǎohǎo => 好好(好好) => nicely
3. hǎozài => 好在(好在) => (adv) luckily; fortunately
4. hàn xué => 汉学(漢學) => (n) Chinese studies
5. hàn yǔ => 汉语(漢語) => Chinese language
6. nǐhǎo => 你好(你好) => hello; how are you
7. nǐmen => 你们(你們) => you (plural)
8. pǔtōng => 普通(普通) => common; ordinary; general; average
9. pǔtōnghuà => 普通话(普通話) => Mandarin (common language); Putonghua (common speech of the Chinese language)
10. shàngkè => 上课(上課) => to attend class
11. shànglái => 上来(上來) => (v) come up; (v) approach; used after verb to indicate success
12. shàngxué => 上学(上學) => to go to school; to attend school
13. tōnghuà => 通话(通話) => talk over telephone; hold a conversation
14. tōngtōng => 通通(通通) => all; entire; complete
15. wǒmen => 我们(我們) => we; us; ourselves
16. xiànzài => 现在(現在) => modern; current; present; at present; now; nowadays
17. xuéxí => 学习(學習) => to learn; to study
18. yīyī => 一一(一一) => one by one; one after another

## 第 2 课 Lesson 2

### 拼音 (Pinyin)

本课我们将学习这些拼音(In this lesson will learn the following pinyins):

无声调的拼音(Pinyin roots):

ba de duo er geng  
hui kuai pin shui shuo  
xiang yin

声母(Chinese pinyin initial consonant):

b g

韵母(Chinese pinyin rhymes):

a eng er iang in  
uai ui uo

### 课文 (Passage)

dì'èr kè 第二课

Jim: nǐmen hǎo ! wǒmen shàngkè bā !

Jim: 你们好！我们上课吧！

Bill: nǐhǎo ! Jim ! wǒ xiǎng xuéhuì shuō pǔtōnghuà .

Bill: 你好！Jim！我想学会说普通话。

Jim: hǎo de ! wǒmen lái xuéxí dì'èr kè , xué gèngduō de pǔtōnghuà pīnyīn .

Jim: 好的！我们来学习第二课，学更多的普通话拼音。

### 本课字词 (Words and Phrases)

下面是本课出现的字词，请注意他们的拼音(Please pay attention to pinyins of new words and phrases in this lesson).

1. bā => 吧(吧)<No.2077> => (onomat.); dumb
2. ba => 吧(吧)<No.2077> => (modal particle indicating polite suggestion);

...right?; ...OK?

3. dì => 的(的)<No.130> => aim; clear
4. dí => 的(的)<No.130> => really and truly
5. de => 的(的)<No.130> => (possessive particle); of
6. dìèr => 第二(第二) => number two; secondly; second
7. duō => 多(多)<No.49> => many; much; a lot of; numerous; multi-
8. èr => 二(二)<No.146> => two
9. gēng => 更(更)<No.744> => to change
10. gèng => 更(更)<No.744> => more; even more; further; still; still more
11. gèngduō => 更多(更多) => more; even more
12. huì => 会(會)<No.21> => can; be possible; be able to; to assemble; to meet; to gather; to see; union; group; association
13. kuài => 会(會)<No.21> => to balance an account; accounting
14. nǐmen => 你们(你們) => you (plural)
15. pīn => 拼(拼)<No.1623> => piece together; stake (all); spell; join together
16. pīnyīn => 拼音(拼音) => pinyin (Chinese romanization)
17. shàngkè => 上课(上課) => to attend class
18. shuō => 说(說)<No.274> => to speak; to say
19. shuì => 说(說)<No.274> => persuade (politically)
20. xiǎng => 想(想)<No.463> => to think; to believe; to suppose; to wish; to want; to miss
21. xuéhuì => 学会(學會) => to learn; to master; institute; learned society; (scholarly) association
22. yīn => 音(音)<No.168> => sound; noise; news

## 练习和训练 (Exercises)

请朗读这些拼音，它们的声母和韵母都已经学过了(Pleaease read aloud the following Pinyin words):

ā	á	ǎ	à	a	bā	bá	bǎ	bà	ba
bāi	bái	bǎi	bài	bān	bǎn	bàn	bāng	bǎng	bàng
bāo	báo	bǎo	bào	bēn	běn	bèn	bēng	béng	běng
bèng	bī	bí	bǐ	bì	biān	biǎn	biàn	bīn	bìn
bō	bó	bǒ	bò	bo	bū	bú	bǔ	bù	dā
dá	dǎ	dà	dēng	děng	dèng	duī	duì	duō	duó
duǒ	duò	ér	ěr	èr	er	gá	gǎ	gà	gāi
gǎi	gài	gān	gǎn	gàn	gāng	gǎng	gàng	gāo	gǎo
gào	gē	gé	gě	gè	gēn	gèn	gēng	gěng	gèng

gēr gōng gǒng gòng gū gǔ gù guā guǎ guà  
 guāi guǎi guài guī guǐ guì guō guó guǒ guò  
 hā há hǎ hēng héng hèng huái huài huī huí  
 huǐ huì huō huó huǒ huò kā kǎ kēng kuāi  
 kuǎi kuài kuī kuí kuǐ kuì kuò lā lá lǎ  
 là la léng lěng lèng liáng liǎng liàng lín lǐn  
 lìn luō luó luǒ luò mā má mǎ mà ma  
 mēng méng měng mèng mín mǐn ná nǎ nà na  
 néng niáng niàng nín nuó nuò pā pá pà pēng  
 péng pěng pèng pīn pín pǐn pìn shā shá shǎ  
 shà shēng shéng shěng shèng shuāi shuǎi shuài shuí shuǐ  
 shuì shuō shuò tā tǎ tà téng tuī tuí tuǐ  
 tuì tuō tuó tuǒ tuò wā wá wǎ wà wēng  
 wěng wèng xiāng xiáng xiǎng xiàng xīn xín xǐn xìn  
 yā yá yǎ yà ya yīn yín yǐn yìn zā  
 zá zēng zèng zuǐ zuì zuō zuó zuǒ zuò

请试试朗读这些词语，其中每个字都已经学过(Please try to read aloud the following phrases)

1. dehuà => 的话(的話) => if
2. dìèr => 第二(第二) => number two; secondly; second
3. gèngduō => 更多(更多) => more; even more
4. gènghǎo => 更好(更好) => better; more
5. hǎoduō => 好多(好多) => (adj) many
6. hǎoshuō => 好说(好說) => (idiom) OK, term used to indicate agreement; (idiom) "you flatter me", polite response to praise
7. huìhuà => 会话(會話) => conversation
8. láishuō => 来说(來說) => (v) interpret a topic from a certain point of view
9. pīnyīn => 拼音(拼音) => pinyin (Chinese romanization)
10. wǒde => 我的(我的) => my; mine
11. xuéhuì => 学会(學會) => to learn; to master; institute; learned society; (scholarly) association
12. xuéshuō => 学说(學說) => theory; doctrine
13. yǔyīn => 语音(語音) => voice

## 第 3 课 Lesson 3

### 拼音 (Pinyin)

本课我们将学习这些拼音(In this lesson will learn the following pinyins):

无声调的拼音(Pinyin roots):

a      bi      chang dao    hai  
hou huan    jia      jin      kai  
le      liang    liao      ma      mian  
neng qian    ru      san      shi  
wen    xin      zhang    zhong    zhu

声母(Chinese pinyin initial consonant):

ch      j      q      r      s  
zh

韵母(Chinese pinyin rhymes):

ia      iao      ou      uan

### 课文 (Passage)

dìsān kè 第三课

1. Bill: nǐhǎo ! Jim!
2. Bill: 你好! Jim!
3. Jim: nǐhǎo ! Bill! xuéxí zhōngwén kāixīn mǎ ?
4. Jim: 你好! Bill! 学习中文开心吗?
5. Bill: kāixīn ā , Jim. shàngkè kāixīn ā .
6. Bill: 开心啊, Jim。上课开心啊。
7. Jim: wǒmen jìnrù dìsān kè ! wǒ xiǎng nǐ kěnéng zhùyì dào kèwén gèng cháng le .
8. Jim: 我们进入第三课! 我想你可能注意到课文更长了。
9. Bill: shì de , bǐ qiánmian liǎng-kè cháng le .
10. Bill: 是的, 比前面两课长了。
11. Jim: hòumian de gèngjiǎ cháng . xiànzài wǒmen háishì xiān xué pīnyīn .
12. Jim: 后面的更加长。现在我们还是先学拼音。

### 本课字词 (Words and Phrases)

下面是本课出现的字词, 请注意他们的拼音(Please pay attention to pinyins of new words)

and phrases in this lesson).

1. ǎ => 啊(啊)<No.2893> => (interj. for surprise)
2. á => 啊(啊)<No.2893> => an interjection; to express doubt or to question; to show realization; to stress
3. à => 啊(啊)<No.2893> => oh (interjection)
4. ā => 啊(啊)<No.2893> => (interj.); ah
5. a => 啊(啊)<No.2893> => (a modal particle showing affirmation, approval, or consent)
6. bǐ => 比(比)<No.116> => (particle used for comparison and "-er than"); to compare; to contrast; to gesture (with hands); ratio
7. bì => 比(比)<No.116> => associate with; be near
8. dào => 到(到)<No.271> => to (a place); until (a time); up to; to go; to arrive
9. dìsān => 第三(第三) => third; No. 3
10. gèngjiā => 更加(更加) => more (than sth else); even more
11. hái => 还(還)<No.1025> => also; in addition; more; still; else; still; yet; (not) yet
12. huán => 还(還)<No.1025> => (surname); pay back; return
13. háishì => 还是(還是) => or; still; nevertheless
14. hòu => 后(後)<No.177> => back; behind; rear; afterwards; after; later
15. hòu => 后(后)<No.177> => empress; queen; surname
16. hòumian => 后面(後面) => rear; back; behind
17. jìn => 进(進)<No.186> => advance; enter; to come in
18. jìnrù => 进入(進入) => to enter; to join; to go into
19. jiā => 加(加)<No.70> => to add; plus
20. kāi => 开(開)<No.58> => open; operate (vehicle); start
21. kāixīn => 开心(開心) => to feel happy; to have a great time; to make fun of somebody
22. kě => 可(可)<No.72> => can; may; able to; certain(ly); to suit; (particle used for emphasis)
23. kěnéng => 可能(可能) => might (happen); possible; probable; possibility; probability
24. kèwén => 课文(課文) => text
25. le => 了(了)<No.595> => (modal particle intensifying preceding clause); (completed action marker)
26. liào => 了(瞭)<No.595> => look afar from a high place
27. le => 了(了)<No.595> => to know; to understand; to know
28. le => 了(瞭)<No.595> => clear
29. liǎng => 两(兩)<No.440> => both; two; ounce; some; a few; tael

- 30.mǎ => 吗(嗎)<No.2623> => morphine  
 31.ma => 吗(嗎)<No.2623> => (question tag)  
 32.miàn => 面(面)<No.46> => fade; side; surface; aspect; top; face; flour; noodles  
 33.miàn => 面(麵)<No.46> => flour; noodles  
 34.néng => 能(能)<No.121> => can; may; capable; energy; able  
 35.qián => 前(前)<No.118> => before; in front; ago; former; previous; earlier; front  
 36.qiánmian => 前面(前面) => fore; front  
 37.rù => 入(入)<No.249> => to enter  
 38.sān => 三(三)<No.120> => three  
 39.shì => 是(是)<No.327> => is; are; am; yes; to be  
 40.wén => 文(文)<No.84> => language; culture; writing; formal; literary  
 41.xīn => 心(心)<No.30> => heart; mind  
 42.xiān => 先(先)<No.446> => early; prior; former; in advance; first  
 43.yì => 意(意)<No.77> => idea; meaning; wish; desire; (abbr.) Italy  
 44.zhǎng => 长(長)<No.50> => chief; head; elder; to grow; to develop  
 45.cháng => 长(長)<No.50> => length; long; forever; always; constantly  
 46.zhōngwén => 中文(中文) => Chinese language  
 47.zhòng => 中(中)<No.10> => hit (the mark)  
 48.zhōng => 中(中)<No.10> => within; among; in; middle; center; while (doing sth); during; China; Chinese  
 49.zhù => 注(注)<No.461> => to inject; to pour into; to concentrate; to pay attention; to note; to comment on; to record; to register; to annotate  
 50.zhù => 注(註)<No.461> => annotate  
 51.zhùyì => 注意(注意) => take note of; (pay) attention (to)

### 练习和训练 (Exercises)

请朗读这些拼音，它们的声母和韵母都已经学过了(Pleaease read aloud the following Pinyin words):

biāo biǎo biào chā chá chǎ chà chāi chái chài  
 chān chán chǎn chàn chāng cháng chǎng chàng chāo cháo  
 chǎo chē chě chè chēn chén chèn chēng chéng chěng  
 chèng chī chí chǐ chì chōng chóng chǒng chòng chōu  
 chóu chǒu chòu chū chú chǔ chù chuā chuāi chuǎi  
 chuài chuān chuán chuǎn chuàn chuī chuí chuō chuò diāo  
 diǎo diào dōu dǒu dòu duān duǎn duàn gōu gǒu  
 gòu guān guǎn guàn hōu hóu hǒu hòu huān huán

huǎn huàn jī jí jǐ jì jiā jiá jiǎ jià  
 jiān jiǎn jiàn jiāng jiǎng jiàng jiāo jiáo jiǎo jiào  
 jīn jǐn jìn jū jú jǔ jù juān juǎn juàn  
 juē jué kōu kǒu kòu kuān kuǎn liǎ liāo liáo  
 le liào lōu lóu lǒu lòu lou luán luǎn luàn  
 miāo miáo miǎo miào mōu móu mǒu niǎo niào nòu  
 nuǎn ōu ǒu òu piāo piáo piǎo piào pōu póu  
 pǒu qī qí qǐ qì qiā qiǎ qià qiān qián  
 qiǎn qiàn qiāng qiáng qiǎng qiàng qiāo qiáo qiǎo qiào  
 qīn qín qǐn qìn qū qú qǔ qù quān quán  
 quǎn quàn quē qué què rán rǎn ráng rǎng ràng  
 ráo rǎo rào rě rè rén rěn rèn rēng réng  
 rì róng rǒng róu ròu rú rǔ rù ruán ruǎn  
 ruí ruǐ ruì ruò sā sǎ sà sāi sài sǎn  
 sǎn sàn sāng sāng sàng sāo sǎo sào sè sēn  
 sēng shōu shǒu shòu shuān shuàn sī sǐ sì sōng  
 sǒng sòng sōu sǒu sòu sū sú sù suān suàn  
 suī suí suǐ suì suō suǒ tiāo tiáo tiǎo tiào  
 tōu tóu tǒu tòu tou tuān tuán tuǎn tuàn xiā  
 xiá xià xiāo xiǎo xiào xuān xuán xuǎn xuàn yōu  
 yóu yǒu yòu yuān yuán yuǎn yuàn zhā zhá zhǎ  
 zhà zhāi zhái zhǎi zhài zhān zhǎn zhàn zhāng zhǎng  
 zhàng zhāo zháo zhǎo zhào zhē zhé zhě zhè zhe  
 zhēn zhěn zhèn zhēng zhěng zhèng zhèr zhī zhí zhǐ  
 zhì zhōng zhǒng zhòng zhōu zhóu zhǒu zhòu zhū zhú  
 zhǔ zhù zhuā zhuǎ zhuāi zhuǎi zhuài zhuān zhuǎn zhuàn  
 zhuī zhuì zhuō zhuó zōu zǒu zòu zuān zuǎn zuàn

请试试朗读这些词语，其中每个字都已经学过(Please try to read aloud the following phrases)

1. bǐyībǐ => 比一比(比一比) => to make a comparison; to engage in a contest
2. dào lái => 到来(到來) => arrival; advent
3. dào le => 到了(到了) => in (a past time); there were
4. dì sān => 第三(第三) => third; No. 3
5. duō xīn => 多心(多心) => oversensitive; suspicious
6. gèng jiā => 更加(更加) => more (than sth else); even more
7. hái shì => 还是(還是) => or; still; nevertheless
8. hái shuō => 还说(還說) => to add (in speaking); to also say

9. hǎobǐ => 好比(好比) => be just like; can be compared to
10. hǎoxīn => 好心(好心) => (n) good motive
11. hòuhuà => 后话(後話) => something to be taken up later in speech or writing
12. hòulái => 后来(後來) => afterwards; later
13. hòumian => 后面(後面) => rear; back; behind
14. huìmiàn => 会面(會面) => meet with; have a meeting
15. huìzhǎng => 会长(會長) => president of a club, committee, etc.
16. jìnlái => 进来(進來) => (v) come in
17. jìnrù => 进入(進入) => to enter; to join; to go into
18. jiācháng => 加长(加長) => lengthen
19. jiārù => 加入(加入) => to become a member; to join; to mix into; to participate in; to add in
20. jiāshàng => 加上(加上) => to put in; to add; plus; to add on; to add into
21. kāihuì => 开会(開會) => have a meeting; be at a meeting; to hold or attend a meeting
22. kāikè => 开课(開課) => school begins; give a course; teach a subject
23. kāixīn => 开心(開心) => to feel happy; to have a great time; to make fun of somebody
24. kāixué => 开学(開學) => school opens; new term begins
25. kěbǐ => 可比(可比) => comparable
26. kěkě => 可可(可可) => cocoa
27. kěnéng => 可能(可能) => might (happen); possible; probable; possibility; probability
28. kěshì => 可是(可是) => but; however
29. kèwén => 课文(課文) => text
30. láidào => 来到(來到) => to come; to arrive
31. miànqián => 面前(面前) => in front of; facing; presence
32. qiánhòu => 前后(前後) => (n) an approximate time; (n) from beginning to end; (n) everywhere; all about
33. qiánhòu => 前后(前後) => around; about; from beginning to end
34. qiánjìn => 前进(前進) => to go forward; to forge ahead; to advance; onward
35. qiánmian => 前面(前面) => fore; front
36. rùxué => 入学(入學) => (v) enter a school; (v) first start going to school as a child
37. shàngjìn => 上进(上進) => (v) make forward progress
38. shàngmian => 上面(上面) => on top of; above-mentioned
39. shìde => 是的(是的) => yes

- 40.wénxué => 文学(文學) => literature
- 41.xīnyì => 心意(心意) => regard; kindly feelings; intention
- 42.xīnzhōng => 心中(心中) => (n) in one's thoughts; in one's mind
- 43.xiānhòu => 先后(先後) => early or late; priority; in succession; one after another
- 44.xiānjìn => 先进(先進) => advanced (technology); to advance
- 45.xiānqián => 先前(先前) => before; previously
- 46.yīxīn => 一心(一心) => wholeheartedly; heart and soul
- 47.yīxīnyīyì => 一心一意(一心一意) => intently
- 48.yímiàn => 一面(一面) => one side
- 49.yǔwén => 语文(語文) => literature and language
- 50.zàihòu => 在后(在後) => behind
- 51.zàiqián => 在前(在前) => forward
- 52.zàiyì => 在意(在意) => (v) care about; mind
- 53.zhōngwén => 中文(中文) => Chinese language
- 54.zhōngxīn => 中心(中心) => center; heart; core
- 55.zhōngxīnyǔ => 中心语(中心語) => qualified word
- 56.zhōngxué => 中学(中學) => middle school
- 57.zhùrù => 注入(注入) => pour in; empty into
- 58.zhùyì => 注意(注意) => take note of; (pay) attention (to)

## 第 4 课 Lesson 4

### 拼音 (Pinyin)

本课我们将学习这些拼音(In this lesson will learn the following pinyins):

无声调的拼音(Pinyin roots):

bu cai da dai dan  
dei dou du fang pa  
ren si tian wang xie  
yan ying yong you yuan

声母(Chinese pinyin initial consonant):

c f

韵母(Chinese pinyin rhymes):

ei ie ing

### 课文 (Passage)

dìsì kè 第四课

Bill: Jim! wǒ xué dé hǎo zhōngwén mǎ ?

Bill: Jim! 我学得好中文吗?

Jim: ā ? hǎohǎo xué , hǎoduō rén xué dé hǎohǎo ā ! wǒmen kāixué cái sāntiān ā !

Jim: 啊? 好好学, 好多人学得好好啊! 我们开学才三天啊!

Bill: bù , sìtiān ā , Jim .

Bill: 不, 四天啊, Jim。

Jim: shì-ā , jīntiān cái shì dìsì tiān , shì bù ?

Jim: 是啊, 今天才是第四天, 是不?

Bill: shì ā . wǒ pà xué bùhǎo zhōngwén huìhuà .

Bill: 是啊。我怕学不好中文会话。

Jim: zhùyì , wǒmen cái xué le sāntiān zhōngwén ā . bǐyībǐ yīngyǔ hànyǔ pǔtōnghuà háishì hǎo xué duō-le .

Jim: 注意，我们才学了三天中文啊。比一比英语汉语普通话还是好学多了。

Bill: kěshì , Jim! wǒ shì pà yǒngyuǎn xué bùhǎo fāngyán .

Bill: 可是，Jim！我是怕永远学不好方言。

Jim: dànshì kěyǐ xué kuài pǔtōnghuà de . dàjiā dōu yǒu xīwàng .

Jim: 但是可以学会普通话的。大家都有希望。

Bill: xièxie ! Jim!

Bill: 谢谢！Jim！

### 本课字词 (Words and Phrases)

下面是本课出现的字词，请注意他们的拼音(Please pay attention to pinyin of new words and phrases in this lesson).

1. bǐyībǐ => 比一比(比一比) => to make a comparison; to engage in a contest
2. bù => 不(不)<No.1> => (negative prefix); not; no
3. bùhǎo => 不好(不好) => no good
4. cái => 才(才)<No.803> => ability; talent; endowment; gift; an expert; only (then); only if; just
5. cái => 才(纔)<No.803> => just; not until
6. dà => 大(大)<No.4> => big; huge; large; major; great; wide; deep; oldest; eldest
7. dài => 大(大)<No.4> => doctor
8. dàjiā => 大家(大家) => authority; everyone
9. dàn => 但(但)<No.1524> => but; yet; however; only; merely; still
10. dànshì => 但是(但是) => but; however
11. de => 得(得)<No.85> => a sentence particle used after a verb to show effect; degree or possibility
12. děi => 得(得)<No.85> => to have to; must; ought to; to need to
13. dé => 得(得)<No.85> => obtain; get; gain; proper; suitable; proud; contented; allow; permit; ready; finished
14. dìsì => 第四(第四) => fourth; number four
15. dōu => 都(都)<No.1000> => all; both (if two things are involved); entirely (due to)each; even; already

- 16.dū => 都(都)<No.1000> => (surname); metropolis; capital city
- 17.fāng => 方(方)<No.131> => square; quadrilateral; direction; just
- 18.fāngyán => 方言(方言) => dialect
- 19.hǎoduō => 好多(好多) => (adj) many
- 20.hǎohǎo => 好好(好好) => nicely
- 21.huìhuà => 会话(會話) => conversation
- 22.jīn => 今(今)<No.745> => today; modern; present; current; this; now
- 23.jīntiān => 今天(今天) => today; at the present; now
- 24.jiā => 家(家)<No.36> => -ist; -er; -ian; home; family; a person engaged in a certain art or profession
- 25.jiā => 家(傢)<No.36> => furniture; tool
- 26.kāixué => 开学(開學) => school opens; new term begins
- 27.kěshì => 可是(可是) => but; however
- 28.kěyǐ => 可以(可以) => can; may; possible; able to
- 29.pà => 怕(怕)<No.1341> => to be afraid; to fear
- 30.rén => 人(人)<No.3> => man; person; people
- 31.sāntiān => 三天(三天) => three days
- 32.sì => 四(四)<No.273> => four
- 33.sìtiān => 四天(四天) => four days
- 34.tiān => 天(天)<No.67> => day; sky; heaven
- 35.wàng => 望(望)<No.500> => hope; expect; to visit; to gaze (into the distance); look towards; towards
- 36.xī => 希(希)<No.818> => rare; infrequent
- 37.xīwàng => 希望(希望) => to wish for; to desire; to hope
- 38.xiè => 谢(謝)<No.853> => (surname); to thank
- 39.xièxie => 谢谢(謝謝) => to thank
- 40.yán => 言(言)<No.155> => to speak; to say; talk; word
- 41.yīng => 英(英)<No.489> => (surname); English; brave
- 42.yīngyǔ => 英语(英語) => English (language)
- 43.yǐ => 以(以)<No.172> => to use; according to; so as to; in order to; by; with; because; Israel (abbrev.)
- 44.yǒng => 永(永)<No.1550> => forever; always; perpetual (ly)
- 45.yǒngyuǎn => 永远(永遠) => forever; eternal
- 46.yǒu => 有(有)<No.22> => to have; there is; there are; to exist; to be
- 47.yuǎn => 远(遠)<No.552> => far; distant; remote

## 练习和训练 (Exercises)

请朗读这些拼音，它们的声母和韵母都已经学过了(Pleaease read aloud the following Pinyin words):

bēi běi bèi biē bié biě biè bīng bǐng bìng  
 cā cāi cái cǎi cài cān cán cǎn càn cāng  
 cáng cāo cáo cǎo cè cēn cén cēng céng cèng  
 cī cí cǐ cì cōng cóng còu cū cú cù  
 cuān cuán cuàn cuī cuǐ cuì cuō cuó cuǒ cuò  
 dēi diē dié dīng dǐng dìng fā fá fǎ fà  
 fān fán fǎn fàn fāng fáng fǎng fàng fēi féi  
 fěi fèi fēn fén fěn fèn fēng féng fěng fèng  
 fó fóu fǒu fū fú fǔ fù gěi hēi jiē  
 jié jiě jiè jie jīng jǐng jìng lēi léi lěi  
 lèi liē liě liè líng lǐng lìng méi měi mèi  
 miē miè míng mìng něi nèi niē niè níng nǐng  
 nìng pēi péi pèi piē piě pīng píng qiē qié  
 qiě qiè qīng qíng qǐng qìng shéi tiē tiě tiè  
 tīng tíng tǐng tìng wēi wéi wěi wèi xiē xié  
 xiě xiè xīng xíng xǐng xìng yīng yíng yǐng yìng  
 zéi zhèi

请试试朗读这些词语，其中每个字都已经学过(Please try to read aloud the following phrases)

1. bǐbùshàng => 比不上(比不上) => can't compare with
2. bǐfang => 比方(比方) => analogy; instance
3. bǐfangshuō => 比方说(比方說) => to make an analogy...
4. bú dà => 不大(不大) => not very; not too; not often
5. bú pà => 不怕(不怕) => fearless
6. bú shì => 不是(不是) => (v) not be; (n) blame or fault
7. bú shì ma => 不是吗(不是嗎) => isn't it
8. bù bǐ => 不比(不比) => unlike
9. bù dàn => 不但(不但) => not only (... but also...)
10. bù dé => 不得(不得) => must not; may not; not be allowed; cannot
11. bù dé bù => 不得不(不得不) => have no choice or option but to; cannot but; have to; can't help it; can't avoid
12. bù dé liǎo => 不得了(不得了) => desperately serious; disastrous; extremely; exceedingly

13. bùdérénxīn => 不得人心(不得人心) => not enjoy popular support; be unpopular
14. bùhǎo => 不好(不好) => no good
15. bùhuì => 不会(不會) => improbable; unlikely; will not (act, happen, etc.); have not learned to; be unable to
16. bùkě => 不可(不可) => cannot; should not; must not
17. bùkěduōdé => 不可多得(不可多得) => hard to come by; rare
18. bùkěnéng => 不可能(不可能) => impossible
19. bùliǎo => 不了(不了) => unable to; without end
20. bùnéng => 不能(不能) => cannot; must not; should not
21. bùnéngbù => 不能不(不能不) => have to; cannot but
22. bùsānbùsì => 不三不四(不三不四) => dubious; shady; neither one thing nor the other; neither fish nor fowl; nondescript
23. bùtōng => 不通(不通) => be obstructed; be blocked up; be impassable; not make sense; be illogical; be ungrammatical
24. bùxiè => 不谢(不謝) => don't mention it; not at all
25. bù yī => 不一(不一) => vary; differ
26. bù yì => 不意(不意) => unexpectedly; unawareness; unpreparedness
27. bù zài => 不在(不在) => not be in; be out
28. bù zài le => 不在了(不在了) => be dead
29. bù zài yì => 不在意(不在意) => pay no attention to; take no notice of; not mind; negligent; careless
30. bù zhōng yì => 不中意(不中意) => not to one's liking
31. bù zhù yì => 不注意(不注意) => thoughtless; not pay attention to
32. cái néng => 才能(才能) => talent; ability; capacity
33. cái xué => 才学(才學) => talent and learning; scholarship
34. cháng yuǎn => 长远(長遠) => long-term; long-range
35. dà dà => 大大(大大) => greatly; enormously
36. dà dōu => 大都(大都) => general; for the most part; on the whole
37. dà dū huì => 大都会(大都會) => metropolitan
38. dà duō => 大多(大多) => for the most part; many; most; the greater part; mostly
39. dà fāng => 大方(大方) => generous
40. dà huì => 大会(大會) => general assembly; general meeting
41. dà jiā => 大家(大家) => authority; everyone
42. dà néng => 大能(大能) => almighty
43. dàn shì => 但是(但是) => but; however

- 44.dàren => 大人(大人) => adult; grownup  
 45.dàxué => 大学(大學) => university  
 46.dàyì => 大意(大意) => general idea; main idea; careless  
 47.débudào => 得不到(得不到) => cannot get; cannot obtain  
 48.dédào => 得到(得到) => to get; to obtain; to receive  
 49.déle => 得了(得了) => be finished; be ready; all right; that's enough  
 50.déyǐ => 得以(得以) => (conj) so that one can...  
 51.déyì => 得意(得意) => (be) proud of oneself; pleased with oneself; complacent  
 52.dìsānfāng => 第三方(第三方) => third party  
 53.dìsì => 第四(第四) => fourth; number four  
 54.duōdà => 多大(多大) => how big; how much; how old; etc.  
 55.duōfāng => 多方(多方) => in many ways  
 56.duōfāngmiàn => 多方面(多方面) => many-sided; in many aspects  
 57.duōxiè => 多谢(多謝) => many thanks; thanks a lot  
 58.fāngmiàn => 方面(方面) => respect; aspect; field; side  
 59.fāngyán => 方言(方言) => dialect  
 60.gèngdà => 更大(更大) => bigger; even bigger  
 61.gèngyuǎn => 更远(更遠) => farther  
 62.háiyǒu => 还有(還有) => furthermore; in addition; still; also  
 63.hànrén => 汉人(漢人) => Han Chinese person or people  
 64.hòufāng => 后方(后方) => (n) far back from the battle's front lines; the rear  
 65.hòufāng => 后方(後方) => rear  
 66.hòurén => 后人(后人) => later generation  
 67.hòutiān => 后天(後天) => day after tomorrow; post-natal  
 68.huìbùhuì => 会不会(會不會) => (posing a question: whether someone, something) can or not; is able to or not  
 69.jīnhòu => 今后(今後) => hereafter; henceforth; in the future; from now on  
 70.jīntiān => 今天(今天) => today; at the present; now  
 71.jīnyīn => 今音(今音) => modern (i.e. not ancient) pronunciation of a Chinese character  
 72.jiārén => 家人(家人) => household; (one's) family  
 73.jiāyǐ => 加以(加以) => in addition; [before a verb] handle, deal with  
 74.jiāzhǎng => 家长(家長) => the parent or guardian of a child  
 75.kěbùshì => 可不是(可不是) => that's just the way it is; exactly  
 76.kědédào => 可得到(可得到) => available  
 77.kěpà => 可怕(可怕) => awful; dreadful; fearful; formidable; frightful; hideous;

horrible; terrible; terribly

- 78.kěyǐ => 可以(可以) => can; may; possible; able to  
 79.qiánfāng => 前方(前方) => ahead; the front  
 80.qiánrén => 前人(前人) => (n) ancestors  
 81.qiántiān => 前天(前天) => the day before yesterday  
 82.qiányán => 前言(前言) => preface; forward; introduction  
 83.réncái => 人才(人才) => talented person  
 84.réndà => 人大(人大) => (China) National People's Congress  
 85.rénjiā => 人家(人家) => other people  
 86.rénmen => 人们(人們) => people  
 87.rénxīn => 人心(人心) => popular feeling; the will of the people  
 88.sānbù => 三不(三不) => "the three no's" (an example of an abbreviated slogan or catchphrase)  
 89.sāntiān => 三天(三天) => three days  
 90.shìbùshì => 是不是(是不是) => is or isn't; yes or no; whether or not  
 91.sìfāng => 四方(四方) => four-way; four-sided  
 92.sìtiān => 四天(四天) => four days  
 93.tiāncái => 天才(天才) => talent; gift; genius; talented; gifted  
 94.tiānshàng => 天上(天上) => celestial; heavenly  
 95.tiāntiān => 天天(天天) => every day  
 96.tiānwén => 天文(天文) => astronomy  
 97.tiānwénxué => 天文学(天文學) => astronomy  
 98.tiānwénxuéjiā => 天文学家(天文學家) => astronomer  
 99.wénrén => 文人(文人) => (n) scholar  
 100.wénxuéjiā => 文学家(文學家) => writer; man of letters  
 101.wényán => 文言(文言) => (n) Classical Chinese  
 102.xīndé => 心得(心得) => knowledge gained  
 103.xīwàng => 希望(希望) => to wish for; to desire; to hope  
 104.xiāntiān => 先天(先天) => inborn; innate  
 105.xiǎngjiā => 想家(想家) => homesick  
 106.xiànjīn => 现今(現今) => now; nowadays; modern  
 107.xiànyǒu => 现有(現有) => currently existing; currently available  
 108.xièxie => 谢谢(謝謝) => to thank  
 109.xuéjiā => 学家(學家) => scholar  
 110.yányǔ => 言语(言語) => speech; talk  
 111.yīfāngmiàn => 一方面(一方面) => one aspect is

- 112.yīngwén => 英文(英文) => English (language)  
113.yīngyǔ => 英语(英語) => English (language)  
114.yītiān => 一天(一天) => one day  
115.yídàn => 一但(一但) => if; in case; in a short time; once  
116.yǐhòu => 以后(以後) => after; later; afterwards; following; later on; in the future  
117.yǐlái => 以来(以來) => since (a previous event)  
118.yǐqián => 以前(以前) => before; formerly; previous  
119.yǐshàng => 以上(以上) => more than; above; over; the above-mentioned  
120.yìxiǎngbùdào => 意想不到(意想不到) => unexpected; previously unimagined  
121.yǒngyuǎn => 永远(永遠) => forever; eternal  
122.yǒude => 有的(有的) => (there are) some (who are...); some (exist)  
123.yǒudeshì => 有的是(有的是) => have plenty of; there's no lack of  
124.yǒukěnéng => 有可能(有可能) => it's possible  
125.yǒuxīwàng => 有希望(有希望) => hopeful; promising; prospective  
126.yǒuyì => 有意(有意) => intend; intentionally; be interested (in)  
127.yǔyán => 语言(語言) => (spoken) language  
128.yǔyánxué => 语言学(語言學) => linguistics  
129.yǔyánxuéjiā => 语言学家(語言學家) => linguist  
130.yuǎndà => 远大(遠大) => (adj) forward looking and ambitious  
131.yuǎnfāng => 远方(遠方) => (n) distant location  
132.zhǎngdà => 长大(長大) => to grow up

## 第 5 课 Lesson 5

### 拼音 (Pinyin)

本课我们将学习这些拼音(In this lesson will learn the following pinyins):

无声调的拼音(Pinyin roots):

cheng	chuang	ci	cu	cuo
fen	guo	ha	he	hen
huo	jiao	jing	jiu	kong
kou	kua	lian	liu	lun
lve	me	mei	mo	mu
nian	qiong	shao	shen	sheng
shu	wei	wu	yang	yao
ye	yun	zen	zhe	zhei
zhi	zi	zu		

韵母(Chinese pinyin rhymes):

iong	iu	uang	un	ve
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### 课文 (Passage)

dìwǔ kè 第五课

Bill: Jim! wǒ bù dé bù shuō , Jim zhèyàng jiàoxué hěnhǎo ! hāhā .

Bill: Jim! 我不得不说, Jim 这样教学很好! 哈哈。

Jim: hā hā . xièxie nǐ kuā wǒ ! nǐ xué dé yě bùcuò . nǐ yǒu shénme xīndé mǎ ?

Jim: 哈哈。谢谢你夸我! 你学得也不错。你有什么心得吗?

Bill: shì de . yǒu xīndé . xiān xué kuài pīnyīn , jìu zhīdao shū hòu liànxí zhōng de hànzi zěnmē niàn le . pīnyīn hǎoxiàng dǎkāi le rènshi hànzi de chuāngkǒu . ér shǎoliàng de hànzi hǎoxiàng yòu kěyǐ zǔchéng wúqióng de cíyǔ . xièxie nǐ , Jim !

Bill: 是的。有心得。先学会拼音, 就知道书后练习中的汉字怎么念了。拼音好像

打开了认识汉字的窗口。而少量的汉字好像又可以组成无穷的词语。谢谢你，Jim!

Jim: wǒmen jīntiān bù shàngkè le hǎo mǎ ?

Jim: 我们今天不上课了好吗?

Bill: ā ? wèishěnmé ?

Bill: 啊? 为什么?

Jim: wǒmen méi kōng ér ā . wǒmen lúnlú nǐ xièxie wǒ , wǒ xièxie nǐ ; nǐ xièxie wǒ , wǒ xièxie nǐ .

Jim: 我们没空儿啊。我们轮流你谢谢我，我谢谢你；你谢谢我，我谢谢你。

Bill: hā hā .

Bill: 哈哈。

Jim: hǎo , wǒmen shàngkè ! xiànzài wǒmen yǐjīng xué-guò dài bùfen shēngmǔ hé yùnmǔ le , yě jiù shì shuō pīnyīn yǐjīng cū-lǜ de xuéxí le yīlún .

Jim: 好，我们上课！现在我们已经学过大部分声母和韵母了，也就是说拼音已经粗略地学习了一轮。

### 本课字词 (Words and Phrases)

下面是本课出现的字词，请注意他们的拼音(Please pay attention to pinyin of new words and phrases in this lesson).

1. bù => 部(部)<No.101> => ministry; department; section; part; division; troops; board; (a measure word); (a measure word for works of literature, films, machines, etc.)
2. bùcuò => 不错(不錯) => correct; right; not bad; pretty good
3. bùfen => 部分(部分) => part; share; section; piece
4. chéng => 成(成)<No.97> => finish; complete; accomplish; become; turn into; win; succeed; one tenth
5. chéng => 成(成)<No.97> => finish; complete; accomplish; become; turn into; win; succeed; one tenth
6. chuāng => 窗(窗)<No.1101> => shutter; window
7. chuāngkǒu => 窗口(窗口) => window

8. cí => 词(詞)<No.87> => works; phrases; classical Chinese poem; word; diction
9. cíyǔ => 词语(詞語) => words; expressions; terms
10. cū => 粗(粗)<No.928> => coarse; rough; thick; unfinished; vulgar; rude; crude
11. cuò => 错(錯)<No.789> => mistake; error; blunder; fault; cross; uneven; wrong
12. dǎ => 打(打)<No.178> => beat; strike; break; mix up; build; fight; fetch; make; tie up; issue; shoot; calculate; since; from
13. dá => 打(打)<No.178> => dozen
14. dǎkāi => 打开(打開) => to open; to show (a ticket); to turn on; to switch on
15. dào => 道(道)<No.123> => direction; way; method; road; path; principle; truth; reason; skill; method; Tao (of Taoism); a measure word; to say; to speak; to talk
16. dì => 地(地)<No.19> => earth; ground; field; place; land
17. de => 地(地)<No.19> => (subor. part. adverbial); -ly
18. dìwǔ => 第五(第五) => fifth
19. ér => 儿(兒)<No.81> => son
20. er => 儿(兒)<No.81> => non-syllabic dimi. suff.
21. ér => 而(而)<No.280> => and; as well as; but (not); yet (not); (shows causal relation); (shows change of state); (shows contrast)
22. fēn => 分(分)<No.12> => to divide; minute; (a measure word); (a unit of length = 0.33 centimeter)
23. fèn => 分(分)<No.12> => part
24. guò => 过(過)<No.143> => (experienced action marker); to cross; to go over; to pass (time); to celebrate (a holiday); to live; to get along; (surname); excessively; too-
25. hāhā => 哈哈(哈哈) => (an onomatopoeia for laughing)
26. hǎ => 哈(哈)<No.502> => a Pekinese; a pug
27. hā => 哈(哈)<No.502> => laughter; yawn
28. hǎoxiàng => 好像(好像) => (v) as if; seem like
29. hànzì => 汉字(漢字) => Chinese character, kanji
30. hěn => 很(很)<No.1119> => very; extremely
31. hěnhǎo => 很好(很好) => well
32. huó => 和(和)<No.180> => soft; warm
33. hè => 和(和)<No.180> => cap (a poem); respond in singing
34. hé => 和(和)<No.180> => and; together with; with; peace; harmony; union
35. huò => 和(和)<No.180> => mix together; to blend
36. jīng => 经(經)<No.126> => classics; sacred book; pass through; to undergo; scripture

- 37.jiù => 就(就)<No.751> => at once; then; right away; only; (emphasis); to approach; to move towards; to undertake
- 38.jiào => 教(教)<No.134> => religion; teaching
- 39.jiāo => 教(教)<No.134> => teach
- 40.jiàoxué => 教学(教學) => teacher and Bill; education
- 41.kǒu => 口(口)<No.102> => mouth; (a measure word)
- 42.kòng => 空(空)<No.187> => emptied; leisure
- 43.kōng => 空(空)<No.187> => air; sky; empty; in vain
- 44.kuā => 夸(夸)<No.1907> => to boast
- 45.kuā => 夸(誇)<No.1907> => to boast
- 46.liú => 流(流)<No.138> => to flow; to spread; to circulate; to move
- 47.liáng => 量(量)<No.103> => to measure
- 48.liàng => 量(量)<No.103> => capacity; quantity; amount; to estimate
- 49.liàn => 练(練)<No.991> => to practice; to train; to perfect (one's skill); to drill
- 50.liànxí => 练习(練習) => exercise; drill
- 51.lún => 轮(輪)<No.623> => wheel; gear; (by) turn; rotate
- 52.lúnlú => 轮流(輪流) => alternate
- 53.lǜ => 略(略)<No.683> => plan; strategy; outline; summary; slightly; rather; to rob; to plunder; to summarize
- 54.ma => 么(么)<No.900> => (interrog. part.)
- 55.yāo => 么(么)<No.900> => one on dice; small
- 56.me => 么(么)<No.900> => (interrog. suff.)
- 57.mò => 没(沒)<No.411> => drowned; to end; to die; to inundate
- 58.méi => 没(沒)<No.411> => (negative prefix for verbs); have not; not
- 59.mǔ => 母(母)<No.237> => female; mother
- 60.niàn => 念(唸)<No.571> => read aloud
- 61.niàn => 念(念)<No.571> => to read aloud
- 62.qióng => 穷(窮)<No.1970> => exhausted; poor
- 63.rèn => 认(認)<No.669> => to recognize; to know; to admit
- 64.rènshi => 认识(認識) => be acquainted with (a person); to know; to be familiar with; to recognize
- 65.shǎo => 少(少)<No.675> => few; little; lack
- 66.shào => 少(少)<No.675> => young
- 67.shǎoliàng => 少量(少量) => (adj) a smidgen; a little bit; a few
- 68.shēng => 声(聲)<No.165> => sound; voice; (a measure word, used for sounds); tone; noise
- 69.shēngmǔ => 声母(聲母) => initial consonant (of a Chinese syllable); initial

- 70.shénme => 什么(什麼) => what?; who?; something; anything
- 71.shí => 什(什)<No.953> => tenth (used in fractions)
- 72.shén => 什(甚)<No.953> => what
- 73.shí => 识(識)<No.339> => to know; knowledge
- 74.zhì => 识(識)<No.339> => to record; write a footnote
- 75.shū => 书(書)<No.86> => book; letter
- 76.wéi => 为(為)<No.373> => act as; take...to be; to be; to do; to serve as; to become
- 77.wèi => 为(為)<No.373> => because of; for; to
- 78.wèishěnmé => 为什么(為什麼) => why; for what reason
- 79.wú => 无(無)<No.69> => -less; not to have; no; none; not; to lack; un-
- 80.wúqióng => 无穷(無窮) => endless
- 81.wǔ => 五(五)<No.316> => five; 5
- 82.xīndé => 心得(心得) => knowledge gained
- 83.xiàng => 像(像)<No.398> => (look) like; similar (to); look; appearance; elephant; to look; to appear; to seem; image; portrait; resemble; seem
- 84.yàng => 样(樣)<No.343> => manner; pattern; way; appearance; shape
- 85.yě => 也(也)<No.2003> => also; too
- 86.yīlún => 一轮(一輪)=> first round (of a match or election)
- 87.yǐ => 已(已)<No.1172> => already; to stop; then; afterwards
- 88.yǐjīng => 已经(已經) => already
- 89.yòu => 又(又)<No.2994> => (once) again; also; both... and...; again
- 90.yùn => 韵(韻)<No.1387> => rhyme
- 91.yùnmǔ => 韵母(韻母) => vowel; final sound; rhyme-indicating character; rhyme; phoneme
- 92.zěn => 怎(怎)<No.1486> => how
- 93.zěnmé => 怎么(怎麼) => how?; what?; why?
- 94.zhè => 这(這)<No.762> => this; these
- 95.zhèi => 这(這)<No.762> => this; these; (sometimes used before a measure word, especially in Beijing)
- 96.zhèyàng => 这样(這樣) => this (kind of, sort of); this way; such; like this; such
- 97.zhī => 知(知)<No.315> => to know; to be aware
- 98.zhīdao => 知道(知道) => know; be aware of
- 99.zì => 字(字)<No.96> => letter; symbol; character; word
- 100.zǔ => 组(組)<No.254> => to form; compose; make up; group; to organize; cord
- 101.zǔchéng => 组成(組成) => component; part; element; constitute; make up

**练习和训练 (Exercises)**

请朗读这些拼音，它们的声母和韵母都已经学过了(Pleaease read aloud the following Pinyin words):

chuāngchuángchuǎngchuàngchūnchún chǔn cūn cún cǔn  
 cùn dīu dūn dǔn dùn guāng guǎng guàng gǔn gùn  
 huāng huáng huǎng huàng hūn hún hùn jīong jǐong jīu  
 jǐu jìu jūn jùn kuāng kuáng kuàng kūn kǔn kùn  
 līu líu lǐu liù lūn lún lùn lvè mǐu nīu  
 níu nǐu niù nvè qīong qíong qīu qíu qǐu qūn  
 qún rún rùn shuāng shuǎng shǔn shùn sūn sǔn tūn  
 tún tùn xīong xíong xìong xīuxǐu xiù xūn xún  
 xùn yūn yún yǔn yùn zhuāng zhuǎng zhuàng zhūn zhǔn  
 zūn zǔn

请试试朗读这些词语，其中每个字都已经学过(Please try to read aloud the following phrases)

1. bǐfēn => 比分(比分) => score
2. bǐliàng => 比量(比量) => take rough measurements (with the hand, a stick, string, etc.)
3. bùchéng => 不成(不成) => won't do
4. bùcuò => 不错(不錯) => correct; right; not bad; pretty good
5. bùdéérzhī => 不得而知(不得而知) => unknown; unable to find out
6. bùdéyǐ => 不得已(不得已) => act against one's will; have no alternative but to; have to; to have no choice; must
7. bùfen => 部分(部分) => part; share; section; piece
8. bùguò => 不过(不過) => only; merely; no more than; but; however; only
9. bùguòyì => 不过意(不過意) => be sorry; feel apologetic
10. bùhé => 不和(不和) => not get along well; be on bad terms; be at odds; discord
11. bùhěn => 不很(不很) => not very
12. bùjīngyì => 不经意(不經意) => carelessly; by accident
13. bùréndào => 不人道(不人道) => inhuman
14. bùshǎo => 不少(不少) => not (just) a few
15. bùxiànghuà => 不像话(不像話) => unreasonable; shocking; outrageous
16. bùxiàngyàng => 不像样(不像樣) => in no shape to be seen; unpresentable; beyond recognition
17. bùyīyàng => 不一样(不一樣) => different; distinctive; unlike

18. bù yǐ => 不已(不已) => endlessly; incessantly
19. bù zhǎng => 部长(部長) => head of a (government, etc) department; section chief; section head; secretary; minister
20. bù zhī => 不知(不知) => unknowing(ly)
21. cái lǜ => 才略(才略) => ability and sagacity
22. cái shí => 才识(才識) => ability and insight
23. chéng dū => 成都(成都) => Chengdu (city)
24. chéng fèn => 成分(成分) => ingredient
25. chéng jiù => 成就(成就) => accomplishment; success; attain a result; achievement
26. chéng jiā => 成家(成家) => to get married (man)
27. chéng rén => 成人(成人) => adult
28. chéng tiān => 成天(成天) => (coll.) all day long; all the time
29. chéng wéi => 成为(成為) => to become; to turn into
30. chéng wén => 成文(成文) => written; statutory
31. chéng xīn => 成心(成心) => (adj) deliberate; with prior intent
32. chéng yǔ => 成语(成語) => proverb; idiom
33. chéng zhǎng => 成长(成長) => mature; grow up
34. chuāng kǒu => 窗口(窗口) => window
35. cí yǔ => 词语(詞語) => words; expressions; terms
36. cū dà => 粗大(粗大) => thick; bulky; loud
37. cū xīn => 粗心(粗心) => careless
38. cū xīn dà yì => 粗心大意(粗心大意) => negligent; careless; inadvertent
39. cuò zì => 错字(錯字) => incorrect character; typo (in Chinese text)
40. dǎ bù guò => 打不过(打不過) => not to be able to beat or defeat sb.; to be no match for
41. dǎ cuò le => 打错了(打錯了) => "you have dialed the wrong number"
42. dǎ dí => 打的(打的) => take a taxi
43. dǎ jìn => 打进(打進) => to breach; to invade
44. dǎ kāi => 打开(打開) => to open; to show (a ticket); to turn on; to switch on
45. dǎ liang => 打量(打量) => (v) take measure of; size up
46. dǎ zì => 打字(打字) => to type
47. dà cuò => 大错(大錯) => blunder
48. dà dào => 大道(大道) => main street
49. dà dì => 大地(大地) => earth; mother earth
50. dà liàng => 大量(大量) => great amount; large quantity; numerous

- 51.dàojiào => 道教(道教) => Taoism; Daoism (Chinese system of beliefs)
- 52.dàoxiè => 道谢(道謝) => to express thanks
- 53.dàshēng => 大声(大聲) => loudly; loud
- 54.dàyǒukěwéi => 大有可为(大有可為) => (saying) sth is well worth doing; have a bright future
- 55.défēn => 得分(得分) => to score
- 56.dézhī => 得知(得知) => (find out and) know; learn of
- 57.dehěn => 得很(得很) => very (much, good etc.)
- 58.dìdào => 地道(地道) => tunnel; causeway
- 59.dìèrlún => 第二轮(第二輪) => second round (of match, or election)
- 60.dìfāng => 地方(地方) => area; place; local
- 61.dìmiàn => 地面(地面) => floor; ground; surface
- 62.dìshàng => 地上(地上) => on the ground; on the floor
- 63.dìwǔ => 第五(第五) => fifth
- 64.dìyīliú => 第一流(第一流) => first-class
- 65.dìyīlún => 第一轮(第一輪) => first round (of match, or election)
- 66.duōhā => 多哈(多哈) => Doha (capital of Qatar)
- 67.duōshǎo => 多少(多少) => how much; how many; which (number)
- 68.duōyàng => 多样(多樣) => diversity; manifold
- 69.érhòu => 而后(而後) => after that; then
- 70.érjīn => 而今(而今) => now; at the present (time)
- 71.éryǐ => 而已(而已) => that's all; nothing more
- 72.èrlún => 二轮(二輪) => second round (of a match or election)
- 73.fēncí => 分词(分詞) => participle
- 74.fēnhuì => 分会(分會) => branch
- 75.fēnkāi => 分开(分開) => to separate; to part
- 76.fēnmǔ => 分母(分母) => (n) denominator
- 77.fènliàng => 分量(分量) => weight
- 78.guòdào => 过道(過道) => aisle
- 79.guòduō => 过多(過多) => excessive
- 80.guòfèn => 过分(過分) => excessive; undue; overly
- 81.guòhòu => 过后(過後) => (tw) after the event
- 82.guòlái => 过来(過來) => to manage; to handle; to be able to take care of
- 83.guòlai => 过来(過來) => to come over; to come up
- 84.guòliàng => 过量(過量) => excess
- 85.hāhā => 哈哈(哈哈) => (an onomatopoeia for laughing)

- 86.hǎohāorde => 好好地(好好兒地) => properly; thoroughly
- 87.hǎoxiàng => 好像(好像) => (v) as if; seem like
- 88.hǎoyàngde => 好样的(好樣的) => (idiom) a good person, used to praise sb's moral integrity or courage
- 89.hànzì => 汉字(漢字) => Chinese character, kanji
- 90.héhǎo => 和好(和好) => to become reconciled
- 91.hěnbù => 很不(很不) => very un-....
- 92.hěndà => 很大(很大) => tremendous
- 93.hěnduō => 很多(很多) => very many; very much; great (quantity)
- 94.hěnhǎo => 很好(很好) => well
- 95.hěنشǎo => 很少(很少) => seldom
- 96.hòumǔ => 后母(後母) => stepmother
- 97.huìyìzì => 会意字(會意字) => associative compounds
- 98.jīngguò => 经过(經過) => to pass; to go through; process; course
- 99.jīngwén => 经文(經文) => scripture; scriptures
- 100.jìnr => 进而(進而) => and then (what follows next)
- 101.jìnkǒu => 进口(進口) => import
- 102.jiùdì => 就地(就地) => (adv) local; nearby
- 103.jiùshì => 就是(就是) => (emphasizes that something is precisely or exactly what is stated); precisely; exactly; even; if; just like; in the same way as
- 104.jiùshìshuō => 就是说(就是說) => in other words; that is
- 105.jiàohuì => 教会(教會) => (n) Christian church
- 106.jiàoliàn => 教练(教練) => (athlete's) coach
- 107.jiàomǔ => 教母(教母) => godmother
- 108.jiàoxué => 教学(教學) => teacher and Bill; education
- 109.kāikǒu => 开口(開口) => open one's mouth; start to talk
- 110.kěkǒu => 可口(可口) => tasty; to taste good
- 111.kěxiǎngérzhī => 可想而知(可想而知) => (conj) it is obvious that...
- 112.kěxiǎngxiàng => 可想像(可想像) => conceivable
- 113.kōnghuà => 空话(空話) => (n) empty talk; talk with no real contents
- 114.kōngqián => 空前(空前) => unprecedented
- 115.kōngxīn => 空心(空心) => (adj) hollow; (adj) hollow headed; mindless
- 116.kōngxiǎng => 空想(空想) => (v) fantasize; daydream; (n) fantasy
- 117.kōngzhōng => 空中(空中) => in the sky; in the air
- 118.kǒucái => 口才(口才) => eloquence
- 119.kǒuyīn => 口音(口音) => accent

- 120.kǒuyǔ => 口语(口語) => colloquial speech; spoken language; vernacular language; slander; gossip
- 121.kuā dà => 夸大(誇大) => exaggerate
- 122.líuliàng => 流量(流量) => flow rate; rate (of flow)
- 123.líurù => 流入(流入) => flow into
- 124.lítōng => 流通(流通) => to circulate
- 125.liàngcí => 量词(量詞) => measure word; classifier
- 126.liànxí => 练习(練習) => exercise; drill
- 127.lúnlíu => 轮流(輪流) => alternate
- 128.méicuò => 没错(沒錯) => I'm quite sure.; You can rest assured.; can't go wrong
- 129.méishénme => 没什么(沒什麼) => (idiom) nothing; (idiom) never mind; it's nothing
- 130.méishuōde => 没说的(沒說的) => really good
- 131.méiyǒu => 没有(沒有) => haven't; hasn't; doesn't exist; to not have; to not be
- 132.méiyǒurén => 没有人(沒有人) => nobody
- 133.méiyǒushénme => 没有什么(沒有什麼) => there's nothing (... about it)
- 134.mǔyīn => 母音(母音) => vowel
- 135.mǔyǔ => 母语(母語) => native language; mother language
- 136.néngliàng => 能量(能量) => energy; capabilities
- 137.niànjīng => 念经(念經) => recite or chant Buddhist scripture
- 138.niànshū => 念书(念書) => read; study
- 139.pīnzì => 拼字(拼字) => spelling
- 140.qióng rén => 穷人(窮人) => poor people; the poor
- 141.réndào => 人道(人道) => humanity
- 142.rénkǒu => 人口(人口) => population
- 143.rénwéi => 人为(人為) => (adj) artificial; (n) human attempt or effort
- 144.rènde => 认得(認得) => know; recognize
- 145.rènkě => 认可(認可) => (v) approve; OK
- 146.rènshi => 认识(認識) => be acquainted with (a person); to know; to be familiar with; to recognize
- 147.rènshìbùnéng => 认识不能(認識不能) => agnosia
- 148.rènwéi => 认为(認為) => to believe; to think; to consider; to feel
- 149.rènzhī => 认知(認知) => acknowledge
- 150.rùkǒu => 入口(入口) => entrance
- 151.shǎoliàng => 少量(少量) => (adj) a smidgen; a little bit; a few
- 152.shàngkōng => 上空(上空) => (n) up overhead; in the sky

- 153.shàngliú => 上流(上流) => upper class
- 154.shēngmǔ => 声母(聲母) => initial consonant (of a Chinese syllable); initial
- 155.shēngyán => 声言(聲言) => profess; pronouncement; declare; declaration
- 156.shēngyīn => 声音(聲音) => voice; sound
- 157.shénme => 什么(什麼) => what?; who?; something; anything
- 158.shénmede => 什么的(什麼的) => and so on; and what not
- 159.shénmeyàng => 什么样(什麼樣) => what kind?; what sort?
- 160.shízì => 识字(識字) => to learn to read
- 161.shūmiàn => 书面(書面) => in writing; written (guarantee, etc.)
- 162.shuōjiào => 说教(說教) => preach
- 163.tiāndì => 天地(天地) => (n) heaven and earth; world
- 164.tiānkōng => 天空(天空) => sky
- 165.tōngdào => 通道(通道) => (communications) channel; thoroughfare; passage
- 166.tōngguò => 通过(通過) => by means of; through; via; to adopt; to pass through; to get through; to switch over
- 167.tōngliáng => 通量(通量) => flux
- 168.tōngzhī => 通知(通知) => notify; inform; notice; notification
- 169.wénzì => 文字(文字) => character
- 170.wèile => 为了(為了) => in order to; for the purpose of; so as to
- 171.wèishěnmé => 为什么(為什麼) => why; for what reason
- 172.wúbǐ => 无比(無比) => matchless
- 173.wúhuàkěshuō => 无话可说(無話可說) => (idiom) to have no other alternative; (idiom) above criticism; perfect
- 174.wúnéng => 无能(無能) => inability; incapable; powerless
- 175.wúqióng => 无穷(無窮) => endless
- 176.wúrén => 无人(無人) => unmanned; uninhabited
- 177.wúshēng => 无声(無聲) => noiseless; noiselessly; silent
- 178.wúyì => 无意(無意) => inadvertent; accidental
- 179.wúyìshì => 无意识(無意識) => unconsciously
- 180.wúzhī => 无知(無知) => ignorance
- 181.wǔtiān => 五天(五天) => five days
- 182.wǔyī => 五一(五一) => 5-1 (May 1st)
- 183.xiānzhī => 先知(先知) => prophet
- 184.xiǎngniàn => 想念(想念) => miss; remember with longing; long to see again
- 185.xiǎngxiàng => 想像(想像) => imagine; visualize
- 186.xiàchéng => 现成(現成) => ready made

- 187.xiàngyàng => 像样(像樣) => presentable; decent; up to par
- 188.yěbù => 也不(也不) => neither; nor
- 189.yībùfèn => 一部分(一部分) => portion
- 190.yīdǎ => 一打(一打) => dozen
- 191.yīdào => 一道(一道) => together
- 192.yīkǒu => 一口(一口) => readily; flatly (deny)
- 193.yīlún => 一轮(一輪) => first round (of a match or election)
- 194.yíyàng => 一样(一樣) => same; like; equal to; the same as; just like
- 195.yǐjīng => 已经(已經) => already
- 196.yǐwéi => 以为(以為) => consider (that); believe
- 197.yǐzhī => 已知(已知) => known (to science)
- 198.yìhuǐr => 一会儿(一會兒) => a while
- 199.yìniàn => 意念(意念) => idea
- 200.yìshì => 意识(意識) => consciousness
- 201.yǒukǒuwúxīn => 有口无心(有口無心) => (saying) to speak harshly but without any bad intent
- 202.yǒuyìshì => 有意识(有意識) => conscious
- 203.yòuláile => 又来了(又來了) => Here we go again
- 204.yǔyīnyìshì => 语音意识(語音意識) => phonetic awareness
- 205.yùnmǔ => 韵母(韻母) => vowel; final sound; rhyme-indicating character; rhyme; phoneme
- 206.yùnwén => 韵文(韻文) => verse
- 207.zài hěnduō fāngmiàn => 在很多方面(在很多方面) => in many aspects; in many regards
- 208.zěnmē => 怎么(怎麼) => how?; what?; why?
- 209.zěnmeyàng => 怎么样(怎麼樣) => how?; how about?; how was it?; how are things?
- 210.zěnyàng => 怎样(怎樣) => how; why
- 211.zhèhuìr => 这会儿(這會兒) => (tw) now
- 212.zhème => 这么(這麼) => so much; this much; this way; like this
- 213.zhètiān => 这天(這天) => today; this day
- 214.zhèyàng => 这样(這樣) => this (kind of, sort of); this way; such; like this; such
- 215.zhèyàngyīlái => 这样一来(這樣一來) => if this happens then
- 216.zhīdao => 知道(知道) => know; be aware of
- 217.zhīshi => 知识(知識) => intellectual; knowledge-related; knowledge
- 218.zhōngbù => 中部(中部) => middle part; central section
- 219.zìmǔ => 字母(字母) => letter (of the alphabet)

220.zǔchéng => 组成(組成) => component; part; element; constitute; make up

221.zǔzhǎng => 组长(組長) => group leader

## 第 6 课 Lesson 6

### 拼音 (Pinyin)

本课我们将学习这些拼音(In this lesson will learn the following pinyins):

无声调的拼音(Pinyin roots):

fu    ji    quan

### 课文 (Passage)

dìliù kè fùxí 第六课 复习

Jim: tóngxué men hǎo ! wǒmen wǎng shàng hànǔ yǐjīng xué le wǔ kè .

Jim: 同学们好！我们网上汉语已经学了五课。

Bill: pīnyīn cíǔ hǎoduō , wǒ xué bù quán .

Bill: 拼音词语好多，我学不全。

Jim: yī kāishǐ bù yòng quán xuéhuì . yǐhòu jiù kěyǐ xuéhuì le .

Jim: 一开始不用全学会。以后就可以学会了。

Bill: bùcuò , bù yòng xué bù kuài , duō yòng jiù néng xué hǎo .

Bill: 不错，不用学不会，多用就能学好。

Jim: méicuò , duō xué duō yòng , bù kěnéng shuō bùhǎo hànǔ .

Jim: 没错，多学多用，不可能说不好汉语。

Bill: nǐ shì zài shuō hànǔ hǎo xué mǎ ?

Bill: 你是在说汉语好学吗？

Jim: wǒ yǐwéi xué-hǎo hànǔ méishénme , dàjiā quándōu néng xuéhuì shuō hànǔ .

Jim: 我以为学好汉语没什么，大家全都能学会说汉语。

Bill: wǎngshàng yǔyīn kōngzhōng jiàoxué háishì bùcuò de , dàjiā yītóng xuéxí hǎo kāixīn .

Bill: 网上语音空中教学还是不错的，大家一同学习好开心。

Jim: kěbushì mǎ . wǒmen néng shàngwǎng shàngkè , jīhuì bùkěduōdé . xièxie nǐmen !

Jim: 可不是吗。我们能上网上课，机会不可多得。谢谢你们！

Bill: bùyòngxiè , hā hā . Just some humour here

Bill: 不用谢，哈哈。(Just some humour here)

### 本课字词 (Words and Phrases)

下面是本课出现的字词，请注意他们的拼音(Please pay attention to pinyin of new words and phrases in this lesson).

1. bùkěduōdé => 不可多得(不可多得) => hard to come by; rare
2. bùyòng => 不用(不用) => need not
3. bùyòngxiè => 不用谢(不用謝) => You're welcome; Don't mention it
4. dìliù => 第六(第六) => sixth
5. fù => 复(復)<No.282> => again; recover; reply to a letter; to repeat; to duplicate
6. fùxí => 复习(復習) => to revise; to review
7. jī => 机(机)<No.18> => machine; opportunity; secret
8. jī => 机(機)<No.18> => machine; opportunity; secret
9. jīhuì => 机会(機會) => opportunity; chance; occasion
10. kāishǐ => 开始(開始) => begin; beginning; start; initial
11. kěbushì => 可不是(可不是) => that's just the way it is; exactly
12. kōngzhōng => 空中(空中) => in the sky; in the air
13. liù => 六(六)<No.560> => six
14. méicuò => 没错(沒錯) => I'm quite sure.; You can rest assured.; can't go wrong
15. méishénme => 没什么(沒什麼) => (idiom) nothing; (idiom) never mind; it's nothing
16. quán => 全(全)<No.137> => all; whole; entire; every; complete
17. quándōu => 全都(全都) => (adv) all; everything without any exception
18. shàngwǎng => 上网(上網) => be on the internet; stretch a net (in a sports game or for covering something); be netted (of fish)

- 19.shǐ => 始(始)<No.1638> => begin  
 20.tóng => 同(同)<No.129> => like; same; similar; together; alike; with  
 21.tóngxué => 同学(同學) => (fellow) classmate  
 22.wǎng => 网(網)<No.32> => net; network  
 23.wǎng => 网(网)<No.32> => a net  
 24.wǎngshàng => 网上(網上) => on-line  
 25.yītóng => 一同(一同) => along; together  
 26.yǐhòu => 以后(以後) => after; later; afterwards; following; later on; in the future  
 27.yǐwéi => 以为(以為) => consider (that); believe  
 28.yòng => 用(用)<No.26> => to use  
 29.yǔyīn => 语音(語音) => voice

### 练习和训练 (Exercises)

请试试朗读这些词语，其中每个字都已经学过(Please try to read aloud the following phrases)

1. bùtóng => 不同(不同) => different; distinct; not the same; not alike
2. bùtóngyì => 不同意(不同意) => disagree
3. bùyòng => 不用(不用) => need not
4. bùyòngxiè => 不用谢(不用謝) => You're welcome; Don't mention it
5. bùzhōngyòng => 不中用(不中用) => unfit for anything; no good; useless
6. dǎzìjī => 打字机(打字機) => typewriter
7. dìliù => 第六(第六) => sixth
8. fēnjī => 分机(分機) => (telephone) extension
9. fùhuì => 复会(復會) => resume a meeting
10. fùxí => 复习(復習) => to revise; to review
11. fùyùnmǔ => 复韵母(複韻母) => compound final
12. huìtóng => 会同(會同) => (v) jointly take care of a matter
13. jīhuì => 机会(機會) => opportunity; chance; occasion
14. jīnéng => 机能(機能) => function
15. jīzǔ => 机组(機組) => flight crew (on a plane)
16. jiāyòng => 家用(家用) => home-use
17. kāishǐ => 开始(開始) => begin; beginning; start; initial
18. kāishǐyǐqián => 开始以前(開始以前) => before the beginning (of sth)
19. liǎngyòng => 两用(兩用) => dual-use
20. méiyòng => 没用(沒用) => useless

21. quánbù => 全部(全部) => whole; entire; complete
22. quándōu => 全都(全都) => (adv) all; everything without any exception
23. quánhuì => 全会(全會) => plenary session (at a conference)
24. quánmiàn => 全面(全面) => all-around; comprehensive; total; overall
25. quántóng => 全同(全同) => identical
26. quánxīnquányì => 全心全意(全心全意) => heart and soul; wholeheartedly
27. rèntóng => 认同(認同) => identify; approve; acknowledge
28. shàngwǎng => 上网(上網) => be on the internet; stretch a net (in a sports game or for covering something); be netted (of fish)
29. tōngyòng => 通用(通用) => common (use); interchangeable
30. tóngxué => 同学(同學) => (fellow) classmate
31. tóngyàng => 同样(同樣) => same; equal; equivalent
32. tóngyī => 同一(同一) => identical; the same
33. tóngyì => 同意(同意) => to agree; to consent; to approve
34. wǎngbā => 网吧(網吧) => internet cafe
35. wǎngshàng => 网上(網上) => on-line
36. wújī => 无机(無機) => inorganic (chemistry)
37. wúyòng => 无用(無用) => useless; worthless
38. yàngjī => 样机(樣機) => prototype
39. yītóng => 一同(一同) => along; together
40. yǒujī => 有机(有機) => organic
41. yǒuyòng => 有用(有用) => useful
42. yòng rén => 用人(用人) => (n) servant
43. yòngxīn => 用心(用心) => motive; intention; diligently; attentively
44. yòngyǐ => 用以(用以) => in order to; so as to
45. yòngyì => 用意(用意) => (n) purpose; intention; goal
46. yòngyǔ => 用语(用語) => syntax; user of words
47. yòngzì => 用字(用字) => diction